

Surgical lung biopsy for the diagnosis of interstitial lung disease in England: 1997-2008

Supplementary material

Additional methods

Selection of codes for interstitial lung disease

ICD-10 codes

J84.1 – Other interstitial pulmonary diseases with fibrosis

J84.8 – Other specified interstitial pulmonary diseases

J84.9 – interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified

D86.0 – sarcoidosis of lung

J67.9 – hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust

J99.0 – rheumatoid lung disease

J99.1 – respiratory disorders in other diffuse connective tissue disorders

ICD-9 codes – used for initial search, but not required as admissions prior to 1997 featuring these codes were dropped

515 – Post-inflammatory pulmonary fibrosis

5163 – Idiopathic fibrosing alveolitis

517.2 – Lung involvement in systemic sclerosis

517.8 – lung involvement in other diseases classified elsewhere

Exclusion of patients where surgical lung biopsy was not the primary operation coded

The Hospital Episodes Statistics dataset contains records for up to 24 procedures carried out during an inpatient episode. The first operation record is generally the main or most resource intensive procedure. We initially identified all patients with *any* record for a surgical lung biopsy. In the vast majority of cases this was coded as the primary operation, but in some cases it was coded as the second or subsequent operation. In some of these cases, it was clear that surgical lung biopsy was the most significant procedure, despite not being coded in the primary position.

All patients where surgical lung biopsy was not listed as the primary operation were therefore hand-reviewed by two clinicians to determine if it seemed to be the main procedure or not. Those records where the surgical lung biopsy was likely to be the main procedure were retained, as were those

where the surgical lung biopsy seemed a reasonable 'secondary' procedure - for example, alongside a cardiac operation, where a lung biopsy might be performed at the same time. Any cases where there was doubt about the nature of the biopsy - for example, where the primary code was for biopsy of pleural lesion - were excluded.

Details of distinction between 'elective' and 'non-elective' operations

The Hospital Episodes Statistics dataset contains a variable specifying whether procedures are elective or non-elective ('admission method') but this was not available in our extract. We therefore used the 'waiting time' variable as a surrogate: this gives the length of time between the 'decision to admit' and the actual admission date. This variable was only valid for elective admissions: when it was missing, we assumed this was a non-elective admission. These records either had no valid decision-to-admit date or a decision-to-admit date that was identical to the admission date.

Figure S1

How to calculate the updated Charlson score (used with permission of Oxford University Press).

Co-morbidity	Score
Chronic pulmonary disease	1
Rheumatologic disease	1
Renal disease	1
Diabetes with chronic complications	1
Congestive heart failure	2
Dementia	2
Mild liver disease*	2
Hemiplegia or paraplegia	2
Any malignancy† (including leukaemia and lymphoma)	2
Moderate or severe liver disease*	4
AIDS/HIV	4
Metastatic solid tumour†	6

*Patients can score for either 'mild liver disease' or 'moderate to severe liver disease'

†Patients can score for either 'any malignancy' or 'metastatic solid tumour'

Quan H *et al.* Updating and Validating the Charlson Comorbidity Index and Score for Risk Adjustment in Hospital Discharge Abstracts Using Data from 6 Countries. *Am J Epidemiol* 2011; 173: 676-682

Additional results

Table S1 – Number of biopsies per region

Region	Number of cases (%)	Person-years*	Biopsies per 100,000 population	Crude incidence of IPF per 100,000
East Midlands	136 (4.8)	51,073,100	0.27	3.92
East of England	378 (13.4)	65,629,300	0.58	4.75
London	356 (12.6)	88,620,000	0.40	3.68
North East	154 (5.5)	30,615,400	0.50	5.66
North West	315 (11.2)	82,006,200	0.38	5.76
South East	307 (10.9)	97,228,900	0.32	3.55
South West	446 (15.8)	60,020,800	0.74	5.89
West Midlands	266 (9.4)	64,073,400	0.42	4.77
Yorkshire & Humber	414 (14.7)	60,501,700	0.68	3.52
Other / Unknown †	48 (1.7)	-	-	-
OVERALL	2,820 (100)	599,768,800	0.47	4.6‡

*Person-years: this was calculated by adding together mid-year population estimates for each region for each year from 1997-2008, rounded to the nearest hundred persons – for example, the mid-year population estimate for the East Midlands for 1997 was 4.1 million, rising to 4.4 million in 2008, giving a cumulative total of 51 million person-years as shown above. Population statistics from the Office of National Statistics, accessed November 2015 from <http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/publications/re-reference-tables.html?edition=tcm%3A77-162632> and <http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/publications/re-reference-tables.html?edition=tcm%3A77-315018>.

Biopsies per 100,000 calculated by dividing cases by person-years for each region, then multiplying by 100,000.

† 'Other' includes patients with a postcode from Scotland or Wales who attended English hospitals.

‡ Overall incidence across *United Kingdom* (ie including Scotland/Wales/N Ireland). Data from Gribbin *et al* (2006) Incidence and mortality of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis and sarcoidosis in the UK. *Thorax*. 61:980-985. doi: 10.1136/thx.2006.062836.

Table S2– Multivariable analysis – associations with death within 30 days of surgical lung biopsy for interstitial lung disease

Variables	Cases	Deaths	Unadjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value	Adjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value
Sex						
Female	1,274	24	1.00		1.00	
Male	1,546	44	1.53 (0.92-2.52)	0.094	1.40 (0.83-2.35)	0.205
Age						
<44 yrs	576	6	1.00	<0.001	1.00	<0.001
45-54 yrs	636	12	1.83 (0.68-4.90)	(p for trend)	1.64 (0.61-4.43)	(p for trend)
55-64 yrs	843	16	1.84 (0.71-4.73)		1.53 (0.59-3.97)	
65-74 yrs	588	21	3.52 (1.41-8.78)		2.96 (1.18-7.46)	
>74 yrs	177	13	7.53 (2.82-20.12)		5.23 (1.90-14.39)	
Updated Charlson score						
0	1,947	45	1.00	0.042	1.00	0.039
1	717	13	0.78 (0.42-1.46)	(p for trend)	0.85 (0.43-1.68)	(p for trend)
2	116	6	2.31 (0.96-5.52)		1.93 (0.79-4.75)	
3 or more	40	*	4.70 (1.60-13.75)		4.80 (1.58-14.54)	
IMD score	2,760	67	1.00 (0.98-1.02)	0.985	1.00 (0.99-1.02)	0.841
Type of operation						
VATS	703	11	1.00	0.154	1.00	0.181
Open	362	12	2.16 (0.94-4.94)		2.14 (0.89-5.15)	
Unclear or not specified	1,755	45	1.66 (0.85-3.22)		1.72 (0.85-3.49)	
Provisional diagnosis						
J84.1	1,433	47	1.00	0.142	1.00	0.499
J84.9	812	15	0.56 (0.31-1.00)		0.66 (0.36-1.20)	
J84.8	99	*	0.30 (0.04-2.20)		0.37 (0.05-2.75)	
RA-ILD	16	0	-		-	
CTD-ILD	38	*	1.64 (0.38-7.01)		1.48 (0.34-6.55)	
HP	162	*	0.56 (0.17-1.81)		0.84 (0.23-3.05)	
Sarcoidosis	260	0	-		-	

‘*’ in this table means a number between 1 and 5 – small numbers hidden to aid confidentiality.

Higher updated Charlson score reflects greater degree of co-morbidity.

IMD: index of multiple deprivation (lower score = least deprived); VATS: video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery; J84.1: other interstitial pulmonary disease with fibrosis; J84.9: interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified; J84.8: other specified interstitial pulmonary disease; RA-ILD (J99.0): rheumatoid lung disease; CTD-ILD (J99.1): respiratory disorders in other diffuse connective tissue disorders; HP (J67.9): hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust; Sarcoidosis (D86.0): sarcoidosis of lung.

For type of operation, ‘unclear or not specified’ mainly reflects older data from before a specific code for VATS was available. These cases are likely to be a combination of open and VATS procedures, with increasing numbers of VATS in later years.

Table S3– Multivariable analysis – associations with in-hospital death following surgical lung biopsy for interstitial lung disease

Variables	Cases	Deaths	Unadjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value	Adjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value
Sex						
Female	1,274	17	1.00		1.00	
Male	1,546	30	1.46 (0.80-2.67)	0.207	1.29 (0.70-2.38)	0.414
Age						
<44 yrs	576	*	1.00	0.002	1.00	0.006
45-54 yrs	636	9	2.05 (0.63-6.70)	(p for trend)	1.91 (0.58-6.31)	(p for trend)
55-64 yrs	843	13	2.24 (0.73-6.90)		1.98 (0.64-6.15)	
65-74 yrs	588	14	3.49 (1.14-10.66)		3.10 (1.00-9.58)	
>74 yrs	177	7	5.89 (1.70-20.35)		4.85 (1.37-17.11)	
Updated Charlson score						
0	1,947	25	1.00	0.002	1.00	0.002
1	717	14	1.53 (0.79-2.96)	(p for trend)	1.83 (0.91-3.68)	(p for trend)
2	116	*	3.46 (1.30-9.22)		2.94 (1.08-8.01)	
3 or more	40	*	6.23 (1.80-21.56)		6.51 (1.82-23.26)	
IMD score	2,760	47	1.00 (0.98-1.02)	0.876	1.00 (0.98-1.02)	0.803
Type of operation						
VATS	703	*	1.00	0.011	1.00	0.025
Open	362	9	4.46 (1.36-14.57)		3.89 (1.16-13.06)	
Unclear or not specified	1,755	34	3.45 (1.22-9.76)		3.31 (1.15-9.51)	
Provisional diagnosis						
J84.1	1,433	34	1.00	0.214	1.00	0.508
J84.9	812	9	0.46 (0.22-0.97)		0.57 (0.27-1.21)	
J84.8	99	*	0.42 (0.06-3.10)		0.52 (0.07-3.86)	
RA-ILD	16	0	-		-	
CTD-ILD	38	*	1.11 (0.15-8.34)		0.88 (0.11-6.75)	
HP	162	*	0.51 (0.12-2.16)		0.47 (0.10-2.13)	
Sarcoidosis	260	0	-		-	

‘*’ in this table means a number between 1 and 5 – small numbers hidden to aid confidentiality.

Higher updated Charlson score reflects greater degree of co-morbidity.

IMD: index of multiple deprivation (lower score = least deprived); VATS: video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery; J84.1: other interstitial pulmonary disease with fibrosis; J84.9: interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified; J84.8: other specified interstitial pulmonary disease; RA-ILD (J99.0): rheumatoid lung disease; CTD-ILD (J99.1): respiratory disorders in other diffuse connective tissue disorders; HP (J67.9): hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust; Sarcoidosis (D86.0): sarcoidosis of lung.

For type of operation, ‘unclear or not specified’ mainly reflects older data from before a specific code for VATS was available. These cases are likely to be a combination of open and VATS procedures, with increasing numbers of VATS in later years.

Table S4– Multivariable analysis – associations with death within 90 days of surgical lung biopsy for interstitial lung disease – elective patients only

Variables	Cases	Deaths	Unadjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value	Adjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value
Sex						
Female	1,027	23	1.00		1.00	
Male	1,250	40	1.44 (0.86-2.43)	0.161	1.31 (0.77-2.23)	0.321
Age						
<44 yrs	444	8	1.00	0.169	1.00	0.408
45-54 yrs	521	16	1.73 (0.73-4.07)	(p for trend)	1.42 (0.59-3.41)	(p for trend)
55-64 yrs	702	20	1.60 (0.70-3.66)		1.32 (0.57-3.05)	
65-74 yrs	482	12	1.39 (0.56-3.44)		1.12 (0.45-2.79)	
>74 yrs	128	7	3.15 (1.12-8.87)		2.33 (0.81-6.68)	
Updated Charlson score						
0	1,617	43	1.00	0.112	1.00	0.036
1	553	14	0.95 (0.52-1.75)	(p for trend)	1.21 (0.63-2.33)	(p for trend)
2	79	*	0.95 (0.23-4.00)		1.00 (0.24-4.27)	
3 or more	28	*	6.10 (2.03-18.35)		7.20 (2.28-22.75)	
IMD score	2,226	62	0.99 (0.97-1.01)	0.288	0.99 (0.97-1.01)	0.223
Type of operation						
VATS	583	8	1.00	0.036	1.00	0.039
Open	275	8	2.15 (0.80-5.80)		1.87 (0.65-5.33)	
Unclear or not specified	1,419	47	2.46 (1.16-5.24)		2.49 (1.15-5.38)	
Provisional diagnosis						
J84.1	1,151	40	1.00	0.411	1.00	0.568
J84.9	664	20	0.86 (0.50-1.49)		0.94 (0.53-1.66)	
J84.8	81	*	0.35 (0.05-2.56)		0.41 (0.06-3.05)	
RA-ILD	12	0	-		-	
CTD-ILD	26	0	-		-	
HP	125	*	0.45 (0.11-1.89)		0.47 (0.10-2.15)	
Sarcoidosis	218	0	-		-	

‘*’ in this table means a number between 1 and 5 – small numbers hidden to aid confidentiality.

Higher updated Charlson score reflects greater degree of co-morbidity.

IMD: index of multiple deprivation (lower score = least deprived); VATS: video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery; J84.1: other interstitial pulmonary disease with fibrosis; J84.9: interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified; J84.8: other specified interstitial pulmonary disease; RA-ILD (J99.0): rheumatoid lung disease; CTD-ILD (J99.1): respiratory disorders in other diffuse connective tissue disorders; HP (J67.9): hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust; Sarcoidosis (D86.0): sarcoidosis of lung.

For type of operation, ‘unclear or not specified’ mainly reflects older data from before a specific code for VATS was available. These cases are likely to be a combination of open and VATS procedures, with increasing numbers of VATS in later years.

For details on the distinction between ‘elective’ and ‘non-elective’ operations, see Additional Methods section.

Table S5– Multivariable analysis – associations with death within 30 days of surgical lung biopsy for interstitial lung disease – elective patients only

Variables	Cases	Deaths	Unadjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value	Adjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value
Sex						
Female	1,027	13	1.00		1.00	
Male	1,250	21	1.33 (0.66-2.67)	0.415	1.31 (0.64-2.67)	0.456
Age						
<44 yrs	444	*	1.00	0.552	1.00	0.860
45-54 yrs	521	11	2.37 (0.75-7.50)	(p for trend)	2.09 (0.65-6.67)	(p for trend)
55-64 yrs	702	10	1.59 (0.50-5.10)		1.31 (0.41-4.25)	
65-74 yrs	482	*	1.15 (0.31-4.32)		0.94 (0.25-3.58)	
>74 yrs	128	*	3.55 (0.87-14.39)		2.74 (0.66-11.42)	
Updated Charlson score						
0	1,617	22	1.00	0.064	1.00	0.046
1	553	8	1.06 (0.47-2.40)	(p for trend)	1.15 (0.47-2.84)	(p for trend)
2	79	*	0.93 (0.12-6.98)		0.96 (0.13-7.31)	
3 or more	28	*	8.70 (2.44-30.96)		9.33 (2.50-34.85)	
IMD score	2,226	34	0.99 (0.97-1.02)	0.609	0.99 (0.97-1.02)	0.476
Type of operation						
VATS	583	*	1.00	0.279	1.00	0.281
Open	275	*	1.71 (0.45-6.40)		1.76 (0.46-6.84)	
Unclear or not specified	1,419	25	2.07 (0.79-5.44)		2.11 (0.79-5.66)	
Provisional diagnosis						
J84.1	1,151	20	1.00	0.987	1.00	0.995
J84.9	664	11	0.95 (0.45-2.00)		1.09 (0.51-2.33)	
J84.8	81	*	0.71 (0.09-5.33)		0.87 (0.11-6.68)	
RA-ILD	12	0	-		-	
CTD-ILD	26	0	-		-	
HP	125	*	0.92 (0.21-3.98)		1.00 (0.20-5.05)	
Sarcoidosis	218	0	-		-	

‘*’ in this table means a number between 1 and 5 – small numbers hidden to aid confidentiality.

Higher updated Charlson score reflects greater degree of co-morbidity.

IMD: index of multiple deprivation (lower score = least deprived); VATS: video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery; J84.1: other interstitial pulmonary disease with fibrosis; J84.9: interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified; J84.8: other specified interstitial pulmonary disease; RA-ILD (J99.0): rheumatoid lung disease; CTD-ILD (J99.1): respiratory disorders in other diffuse connective tissue disorders; HP (J67.9): hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust; Sarcoidosis (D86.0): sarcoidosis of lung.

For type of operation, ‘unclear or not specified’ mainly reflects older data from before a specific code for VATS was available. These cases are likely to be a combination of open and VATS procedures, with increasing numbers of VATS in later years.

For details on the distinction between ‘elective’ and ‘non-elective’ operations, see Additional Methods section.

Table S6– Multivariable analysis – associations with in-hospital death following surgical lung biopsy for interstitial lung disease – elective patients only

Variables	Cases	Deaths	Unadjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value	Adjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value
Sex						
Female	1,027	10	1.00		1.00	
Male	1,250	12	0.99 (0.42-2.29)	0.974	1.00 (0.42-2.37)	0.998
Age						
<44 yrs	444	*	1.00	0.522	1.00	0.670
45-54 yrs	521	7	3.01 (0.62-14.56)	(p for trend)	2.59 (0.53-12.71)	(p for trend)
55-64 yrs	702	7	2.23 (0.46-10.76)		1.95 (0.40-9.51)	
65-74 yrs	482	*	1.85 (0.34-10.15)		1.54 (0.28-8.59)	
>74 yrs	128	*	3.51 (0.49-25.15)		3.05 (0.41-22.67)	
Updated Charlson score						
0	1,617	11	1.00	0.011	1.00	0.007
1	553	8	2.14 (0.86-5.36)	(p for trend)	2.73 (1.04-7.16)	(p for trend)
2	79	*	1.87 (0.24-14.68)		2.04 (0.25-16.34)	
3 or more	28	*	11.23 (2.37-53.21)		11.81 (2.36-59.01)	
IMD score	2,226	22	1.00 (0.97-1.03)	0.894	0.99 (0.97-1.02)	0.715
Type of operation						
VATS	583	*	1.00	0.102	1.00	0.083
Open	275	*	2.13 (0.30-15.19)		2.15 (0.29-15.85)	
<i>Unclear or not specified</i>	1,419	18	3.73 (0.86-16.14)		4.02 (0.91-17.76)	
Provisional diagnosis						
J84.1	1,151	14	1.00	0.916	1.00	0.824
J84.9	664	6	0.74 (0.28-1.94)		0.87 (0.33-2.33)	
J84.8	81	*	1.02 (0.13-7.82)		1.21 (0.15-9.59)	
RA-ILD	12	0	-		-	
CTD-ILD	26	0	-		-	
HP	125	*	0.65 (0.09-5.02)		0.41 (0.05-3.43)	
Sarcoidosis	218	0	-		-	

** in this table means a number between 1 and 5 – small numbers hidden to aid confidentiality. Higher updated Charlson score reflects greater degree of co-morbidity.

IMD: index of multiple deprivation (lower score = least deprived); VATS: video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery; J84.1: other interstitial pulmonary disease with fibrosis; J84.9: interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified; J84.8: other specified interstitial pulmonary disease; RA-ILD (J99.0): rheumatoid lung disease; CTD-ILD (J99.1): respiratory disorders in other diffuse connective tissue disorders; HP (J67.9): hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust; Sarcoidosis (D86.0): sarcoidosis of lung.

For type of operation, 'unclear or not specified' mainly reflects older data from before a specific code for VATS was available. These cases are likely to be a combination of open and VATS procedures, with increasing numbers of VATS in later years.

For details on the distinction between 'elective' and 'non-elective' operations, see Additional Methods section.

Table S7– Multivariable analysis – associations with death within 90 days of surgical lung biopsy for interstitial lung disease – data from 2005-2008 only

Variables	Cases	Deaths	Unadjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value	Adjusted Odds Ratio (95% CI)	p value
Sex						
Female	568	17	1.00		1.00	
Male	667	23	1.16 (0.61-2.19)	0.652	0.96 (0.49-1.90)	0.905
Age						
<44 yrs	243	*	1.00	0.001	1.00	0.010
45-54 yrs	255	*	0.95 (0.27-3.33)	(p for trend)	0.93 (0.26-3.32)	(p for trend)
55-64 yrs	373	11	1.45 (0.50-4.22)		1.46 (0.49-4.38)	
65-74 yrs	281	9	1.58 (0.52-4.76)		1.50 (0.48-4.69)	
>74 yrs	83	10	6.52 (2.16-19.69)		4.97 (1.53-16.19)	
Updated Charlson score						
0	798	26	1.00	0.192	1.00	0.077
1	366	9	0.75 (0.35-1.61)	(p for trend)	1.05 (0.47-2.31)	(p for trend)
2	45	*	0.67 (0.09-5.09)		0.62 (0.08-4.84)	
3 or more	26	*	5.40 (1.74-16.79)		6.87 (2.02-23.39)	
IMD score	1,196	39	1.00 (0.97-1.02)	0.733	1.00 (0.97-1.02)	0.819
Type of operation						
VATS	631	14	1.00	0.071	1.00	0.119
Open	137	8	2.73 (1.12-6.65)		2.60 (1.01-6.71)	
Unclear or not specified	467	18	1.77 (0.87-3.59)		1.74 (0.83-3.67)	
Provisional diagnosis						
J84.1	548	25	1.00	0.128	1.00	0.531
J84.9	459	14	0.66 (0.34-1.28)		0.83 (0.41-1.68)	
J84.8	43	0	-		-	
RA-ILD	*	0	-		-	
CTD-ILD	14	0	-		-	
HP	73	0	-		-	
Sarcoidosis	93	*	0.23 (0.03-1.70)		0.38 (0.05-2.92)	

‘*’ in this table means a number between 1 and 5 – small numbers hidden to aid confidentiality.

Higher updated Charlson score reflects greater degree of co-morbidity.

IMD: index of multiple deprivation (lower score = least deprived); VATS: video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery; J84.1: other interstitial pulmonary disease with fibrosis; J84.9: interstitial pulmonary disease, unspecified; J84.8: other specified interstitial pulmonary disease; RA-ILD (J99.0): rheumatoid lung disease; CTD-ILD (J99.1): respiratory disorders in other diffuse connective tissue disorders; HP (J67.9): hypersensitivity pneumonitis due to unspecified organic dust; Sarcoidosis (D86.0): sarcoidosis of lung.

For type of operation, ‘unclear or not specified’ mainly reflects older data from before a specific code for VATS was widely used. These cases are likely to be a combination of open and VATS procedures, with increasing numbers of VATS in later years.

Table S8 – Cox regression model for survival following surgical lung biopsy for ILD
(multivariable model adjusted for gender, age, updated Charlson score and type of operation)

Variables	Number of deaths / total	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	p value
Gender			
Female	331 / 1,274	1.00	
Male	577 / 1,546	1.52 (1.33-1.74)	<0.001
Age			
<44 yrs	78 / 576	1.00	<0.001
45-54 yrs	167 / 636	2.14 (1.63-2.80)	(p for trend)
55-64 yrs	295 / 843	3.17 (2.47-4.07)	
65-74 yrs	263 / 588	4.80 (3.73-6.19)	
>74 yrs	105 / 177	7.27 (5.41-9.77)	
Updated Charlson score			
0	640 / 1,947	1.00	0.029
1	200 / 717	0.92 (0.78-1.08)	(p for trend)
2	48 / 116	1.40 (1.04-1.88)	
3 or more	20 / 40	2.25 (1.44-3.52)	
Type of operation			
VATS	99 / 703	1.00	<0.001
Open	133 / 362	1.61 (1.23-2.09)	
<i>Unclear or not specified</i>	676 / 1,755	1.57 (1.26-1.96)	

Higher updated Charlson score reflects greater degree of co-morbidity.

VATS: video-assisted thoracoscopic surgery

For type of operation, 'unclear or not specified' mainly reflects older data from before a specific code for VATS was available. These cases are likely to be a combination of open and VATS procedures, with increasing numbers of VATS in later years.

Thoracic Surgical Centres in England

We could not find a clear definitive universal data source for the number of thoracic surgical centres in England, as there are discrepancies between terminology: one National Health Service trust may run two hospitals; should these be counted as one or two centres? We compiled the following list of centres for our raw estimate of average numbers of procedures per centre.

Southwest

Bristol Royal Infirmary
Derriford, Plymouth
Royal Devon and Exeter

London

Barts and London Chest
Royal Brompton & Harefield
Imperial - Hammersmith
UCL
Guys
Kings
St George's

Southeast

Southampton General
John Radcliffe, Oxford

East of England

Norwich and Norfolk
Papworth, Cambridge
Essex Cardiothoracic Centre

East Midlands

Nottingham City Hospital
Glenfield, Leicester

West Midlands

Heart of England, Birmingham
New Cross, Wolverhampton
University Hospital Coventry and Warwick
Royal Stoke, Stoke-on-Trent

Yorkshire and the Humber

Northern General, Sheffield
St James's, Leeds
Castle Hill, Hull

Northwest

Liverpool Heart and Chest
UHSM, Manchester
Victoria Hospital, Blackpool

Northeast

Freeman, Newcastle
James Cook, Middlesbrough