

SUPPLEMENTARY RESULTS

Title: Biomarker Signatures for Progressive Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis

Britt Clynick^{1,2,3#}, Tamera J Corte^{1,4,5#}, Helen E Jo^{1,4,5}, Iain Stewart⁶, Ian N Glaspole^{7,8}, Christopher Grainge^{9,10}, Toby M Maher¹¹, Vidya Navaratnam^{6,12}, Richard Hubbard⁶, Peter MA Hopkins^{13,14}, Paul N Reynolds^{15,16}, Sally Chapman¹⁶, Christopher Zappala¹³, Gregory J Keir¹³, Wendy A Cooper^{4,5,17}, Annabelle M Mahar⁵, Samantha Ellis⁸, Nicole Goh^{18,19}, Emma De Jong^{2,3}, Lilian Cha^{2,3}, Dino BA Tan^{2,3}, Lucy Leigh^{9,20}, Christopher Oldmeadow^{9,20}, E Haydn Walters^{1,8,21,22,23}, R Gisli Jenkins⁶, Yuben Moodley^{1,2,3,24}.

Corresponding author:

Yuben Moodley

Institute for Respiratory Health Inc,

E Block, Sir Charles Gairdner Hospital

Nedlands, Western Australia 6009 AUSTRALIA

Email: yuben.moodley@uwa.edu.au

Phone: +61 414 383 338

Table S1 – Biomarkers selected for ELISA and Proteomic analysis in the AIPFR cohort. Each ELISA biomarker is grouped according to its potential role in IPF pathogenesis, and the proteomic analytes are listed.

Biomarkers	Abbreviations
<u>ELISA</u>	
<i>Inflammation</i>	
C-reactive protein	CRP
Intercellular adhesion molecule-1	ICAM1
Vascular cell adhesion molecule-1	VCAM1
Extracellular newly identified receptor for advanced glycation end-products binding protein	ENRAGE
<i>Fibrosis</i>	
Osteopontin	OPN
Periostin	POSTN
Matrix metalloproteinase 7	MMP7
Fibulin-1	FBLN1
<i>Chemokines</i>	
C-X-C motif chemokine ligand 13	CXCL13
C-C motif chemokine ligand 18	CCL18
<i>Lung physiology</i>	
Surfactant protein-A	SPA
Surfactant protein-D	SPD
<u>PROTEOMICS</u>	
Lumican	LUM
N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanine amidase	PGRP2
Beta-2-glycoprotein 1	B2GPI
Complement component C9	CO9

Fibronectin	FN
Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain H1	ITIH1
Leucine-rich alpha-2-glycoprotein	A2GL
Apolipoprotein E	APOE
Gelsolin	GELS
Pigment epithelium-derived factor	PEDF
Alpha-1-antichymotrypsin	AACT
Apolipoprotein C-I	APOCI
Apolipoprotein C-II	APOCII
Apolipoprotein C-III	APOCIII
Serum amyloid A-4 protein	SAA4

Figure S1 – A comparison of unadjusted estimates of progression index with disease progression. Adjusted estimates as reported (FVC, age, gender, BMI) and adjusted sensitivity estimates for DLCO (DLCO, age, gender, BMI), demonstrating comparable findings across TLF, AIPFR and pooled in multilevel analysis.

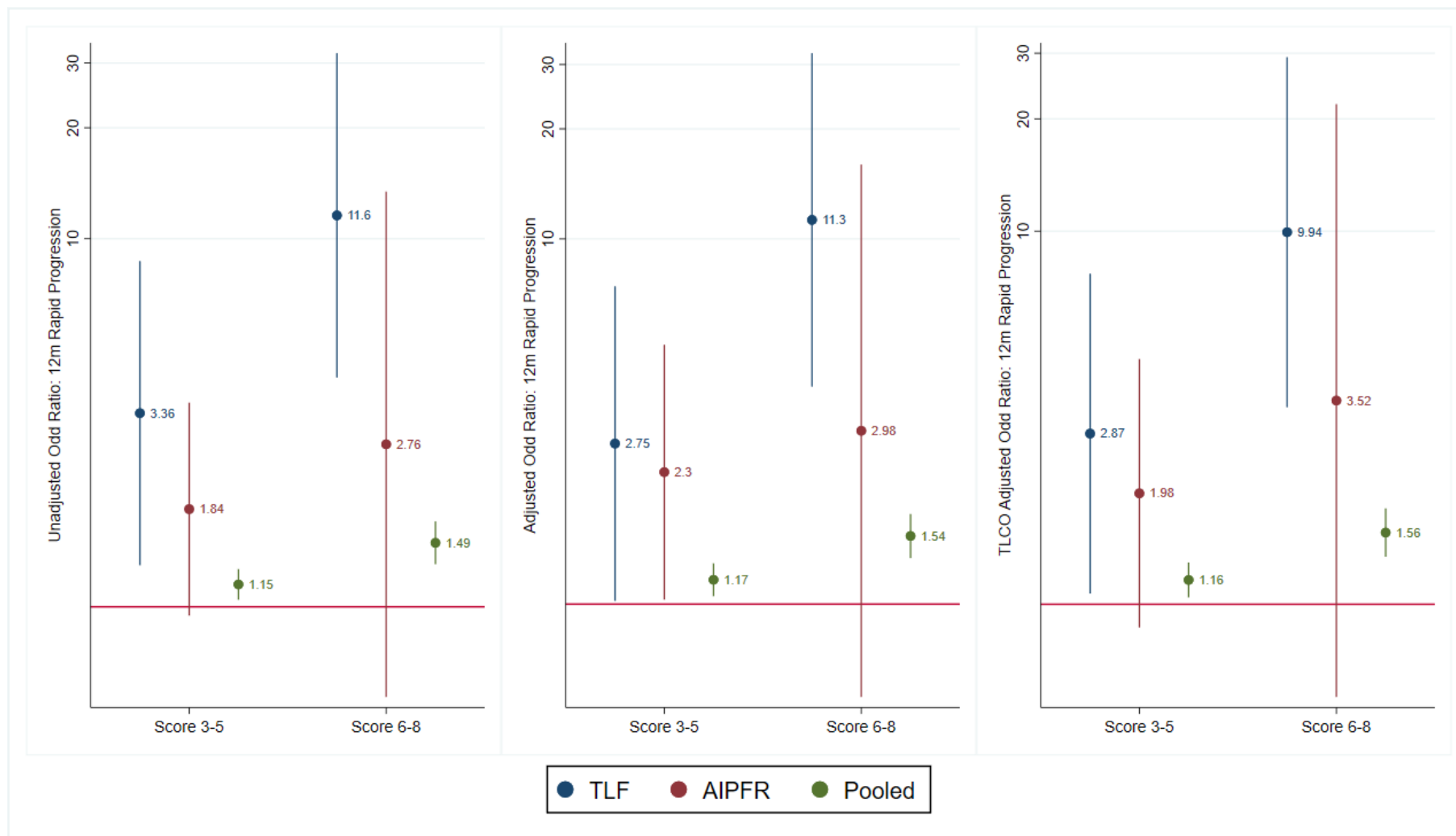


Figure S2 – CONSORT diagram.

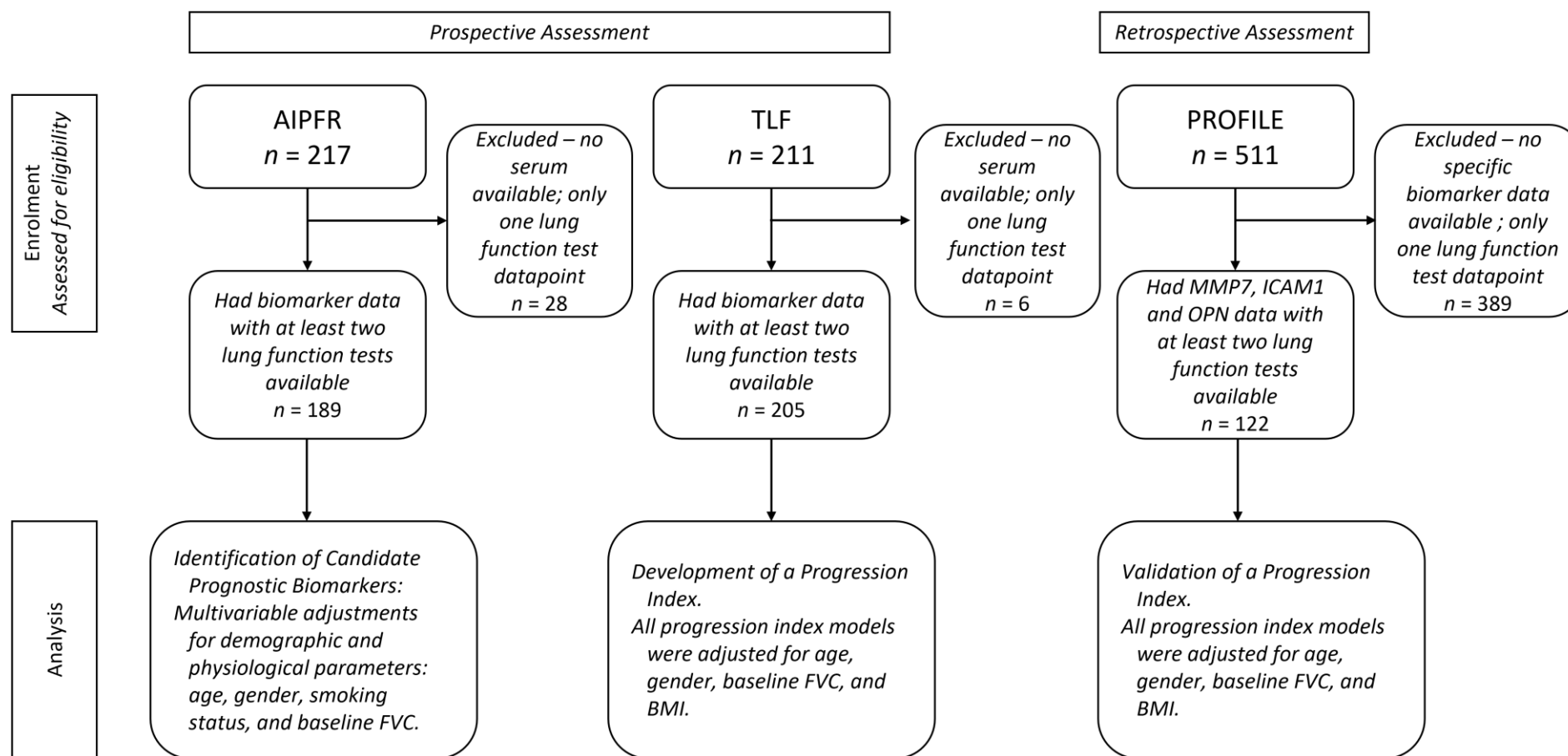


Table S2 – Progression at 12 months outcome predicted by the LASSO model for biomarkers in AIPFR. All coefficients are on the log-odds scale. Biomarkers that were shrunk to zero $\leq 5\%$ of the repeated model are indicated in bold. Area under the curve (AUC) (95%CI) from empirical ROC curves for ELISA and proteomics biomarkers >0.6 were more predictive of disease progression.

<i>Biomarker</i>	<i>n shrunk to 0</i>	<i>Mean (SD) of non-zero coefficients</i>	<i>AUC (95% CI)</i>
<u>ELISA</u>			
SPA	76	0.00 (0.00)	0.49 (0.40, 0.59)
FBLN1	58	-0.00 (0.00)	0.53 (0.43, 0.63)
VCAM1	3	-0.00 (0.00)	0.55 (0.45, 0.65)
CRP	43	0.00 (0.00)	0.57 (0.47, 0.67)
SPD	1	0.01 (0.00)	0.60 (0.51, 0.70)
ENRAGE	1	0.00 (0.00)	0.60 (0.50, 0.70)
ICAM1	2	0.00 (0.00)	0.62 (0.54, 0.71)
MMP7	76	-0.00 (0.00)	0.62 (0.53, 0.70)
OPN	0	-1.22 (0.20)	0.63 (0.53, 0.73)
CXCL13	31	0.00 (0.00)	0.65 (0.56, 0.74)
POSTN	0	0.01 (0.00)	0.65 (0.56, 0.74)
<u>PROTEOMICS</u>			
FN	100	0.00 (0.00)	0.47 (0.36, 0.58)
LUM	47	0.05 (0.08)	0.51 (0.39, 0.62)
APOCI	100	0.00 (0.00)	0.52 (0.41, 0.63)
APOCII	100	0.00 (0.00)	0.53 (0.42, 0.64)
CO9	97	0.00 (0.02)	0.54 (0.44, 0.65)
AACT	20	0.27 (0.22)	0.55 (0.43, 0.66)
APOCIII	20	0.12 (0.11)	0.55 (0.44, 0.66)

SAA4	4	-1.02 (0.41)	0.55 (0.44, 0.66)
APOE	1	1.62 (0.45)	0.55 (0.44, 0.67)
B2GPI	100	0.00 (0.00)	0.59 (0.48, 0.69)
ITIH1	5	-0.49 (0.24)	0.62 (0.51, 0.73)
A2GL	0	0.71 (0.10)	0.62 (0.52, 0.72)
PEDF	4	-1.12 (0.45)	0.62 (0.52, 0.72)
PGRP2	97	0.02 (0.13)	0.63 (0.52, 0.73)
GELS	0	-2.44 (0.21)	0.66 (0.55, 0.76)

Abbreviations: SD, standard deviation; AUC, area under the curve; CI, confidence interval.

Table S3 – Univariable analyses of the ELISA and Proteomics biomarkers associated with PFS and mortality in the AIPFR cohort. All outcomes were regressed on each ELISA biomarker in separate univariable Cox proportional hazards models (using SAS PHREG). P-values which remain significant after adjustment have been indicated in bold.

Biomarker	Progression-free Survival			Mortality		
	n	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	p-value	n	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	p-value
<u>ELISA</u>						
CCL18	191	1.003 (0.994,1.013)	0.5025	191	1.002 (0.991,1.014)	0.7117
CRP	190	1.009 (0.987,1.032)	0.4340	190	1.013 (0.989,1.038)	0.3013
CXCL13	191	1.000 (0.999,1.001)	0.9200	191	1.000 (0.999,1.001)	0.7853
ENRAGE	189	1.002 (1.000,1.004)	0.0125	189	1.003 (1.001,1.005)	0.0058
FBLN1	190	1.001 (0.997,1.004)	0.7326	190	0.998 (0.993,1.003)	0.3602
ICAM1	191	1.002 (1.000,1.004)	0.0125	191	1.001 (0.999,1.003)	0.4478
MMP7	191	1.000 (1.000,1.000)	0.1727	191	1.000 (1.000,1.000)	0.3914
MUC1	49	1.006 (0.959,1.055)	0.8116	49	1.009 (0.960,1.060)	0.7191
OPN	191	1.021 (1.012,1.030)	<0.0001	191	1.024 (1.014,1.034)	<0.0001
POSTN	189	1.012 (1.004,1.020)	0.0046	189	1.011 (1.000,1.021)	0.0450
SPA	190	1.000 (0.996,1.003)	0.8965	190	1.001 (0.997,1.005)	0.6821
SPD	184	1.026 (1.012,1.039)	0.0001	184	1.016 (0.999,1.033)	0.0639
VCAM1	190	1.000 (1.000,1.000)	0.6137	190	1.000 (1.000,1.000)	0.8697
<u>PROTEOMICS</u>						
LUM	157	1.354 (0.888,2.064)	0.1594	157	1.150 (0.659,2.004)	0.6233
PGRP2	157	0.918 (0.258,3.263)	0.8945	157	0.353 (0.055,2.256)	0.2710
B2GPI	157	1.041 (0.856,1.267)	0.6855	157	0.805 (0.528,1.226)	0.3123
CO9	157	1.349 (1.010,1.802)	0.0424	157	1.215 (0.823,1.793)	0.3281

FN	157	0.599 (0.153,2.348)	0.4623	157	0.819 (0.184,3.656)	0.7940
ITIH1	157	1.080 (0.810,1.440)	0.6006	157	0.610 (0.283,1.315)	0.2070
A2GL	157	1.215 (1.023,1.443)	0.0266	157	1.181 (0.965,1.446)	0.1074
APOE	157	1.421 (1.022,1.975)	0.0366	157	1.264 (0.813,1.965)	0.2977
GELS	157	0.714 (0.248,2.057)	0.5330	157	0.216 (0.048,0.977)	0.0465
PEDF	157	0.938 (0.405,2.172)	0.8814	157	0.486 (0.141,1.681)	0.2547
AACT	157	1.611 (1.213,2.140)	0.0010	157	1.539 (1.093,2.167)	0.0135
APOCI	137	1.600 (0.553,4.631)	0.3856	137	1.545 (0.478,4.996)	0.4671
APOCII	151	1.377 (0.442,4.289)	0.5812	151	1.702 (0.519,5.578)	0.3797
APOCIII	144	1.360 (0.742,2.494)	0.3201	144	1.580 (0.863,2.893)	0.1384
SAA4	154	1.094 (0.553,2.163)	0.7968	154	0.853 (0.356,2.045)	0.7217

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval.

Table S4 – Area under the curve (95%CI) of continuous and tertiles from empirical ROC curves for ELISA and Proteomics biomarkers predicting disease progression in TLF.

Biomarker	AUROC	95%CI	p-value*	Tert 1	Tert 2	Tert 3	AUROC	95%CI	p-value*
<u>ELISA</u>									
SPD	0.56	(0.47; 0.64)	0.7822	19.70	38.06	78.82	0.55	(0.47; 0.63)	0.7173
OPN	0.61	(0.54 ;0.69)	0.4616	16.23	24.96	36.43	0.61	(0.54; 0.69)	0.4652
MMP7	0.64	(0.56; 0.71)	0.3097	1.87	2.98	4.43	0.63	(0.56; 0.70)	0.3589
ICAM1	0.67	(0.60; 0.75)	0.0852	218.09	347.58	619.40	0.64	(0.60; 0.72)	0.2042
POSTN	0.67	(0.59; 0.75)	0.0865	27.76	44.62	80.97	0.66	(0.59; 0.74)	0.0948
<u>PROTEOMICS</u>									
PGRP2	0.55	(0.46; 0.63)	0.6243	1.83	2.65	3.94	0.54	(0.46; 0.62)	0.5575
CO9	0.52	(0.44; 0.60)	0.3615	5.61	8.14	12.11	0.51	(0.43; 0.59)	0.2629
A2GL	0.52	(0.43; 0.60)	0.3061	3.83	6.03	9.76	0.52	(0.44; 0.61)	0.3671
APOE	0.49	(0.41; 0.58)	0.2003	1.01	1.62	2.46	0.51	(0.43; 0.59)	0.3073
GELS	0.56	(0.48; 0.64)	0.8110	1.01	1.51	2.41	0.55	(0.47; 0.63)	0.6646
PEDF	0.54	(0.46; 0.63)	0.6140	1.52	2.29	3.04	0.55	(0.47; 0.62)	0.6571
AACT	0.55	(0.46; 0.63)	0.6554	4.46	6.95	11.75	0.55	(0.47; 0.63)	0.7406
SAA4	0.55	(0.47; 0.64)	0.7697	0.40	0.65	1.04	0.56	(0.48; 0.64)	0.8533

*Median tertile value: ELISA as ng/ml, Proteomics as 180 ratio. *p-value for difference from GAP AUROC.*

Table S5 – Odds ratio of tertiles for disease progression in TLF. Tertile 3 versus Tertile 1. Significant values are indicated in bold. * includes odds ratios adjusted for age, gender, ppFVC and BMI

Biomarker	OR	95%CI	p-value	OR*	95%CI	p-value
<u>ELISA</u>						
SPD	1.63	(0.79; 3.35)	0.185	1.11	(0.65;2.98)	0.399
OPN	3.13	(1.42; 6.90)	0.005	3.40	(1.41;8.24)	0.007
MMP7	3.89	(1.69; 8.91)	0.001	4.05	(1.70;9.61)	0.002
ICAM1	4.16	(1.86; 9.31)	0.001	5.33	(2.21;12.84)	<0.001
POSTN	4.57	(2.12; 9.87)	<0.001	4.04	(1.73; 9.44)	0.001
<u>PROTEOMICS</u>						
PGRP2	1.41	(0.70; 2.88)	0.338	0.87	(0.39;1.95)	0.734
CO9	1.09	(0.53; 2.28)	0.809	1.22	(0.57;2.63)	0.604
A2GL	1.24	(0.61; 2.50)	0.551	1.06	(0.50;2.23)	0.883
APOE	1.09	(0.53; 2.25)	0.546	1.13	(0.53;2.42)	0.754
GELS	1.53	(0.74; 3.16)	0.250	1.55	(0.71;3.35)	0.268
PEDF	1.56	(0.74; 3.29)	0.240	1.68	(0.75;3.80)	0.209
AACT	1.63	(0.79; 3.35)	0.185	1.70	(0.79;3.69)	0.177
SAA4	1.69	(0.84; 3.39)	0.142	1.84	(0.87;3.89)	0.109

*adjusted for age, gender, ppFVC, BMI

Table S6 – Biomarker differences between progressor and stable groups in PROFILE.

Only significant biomarkers identified in TLF have been displayed. Absolute values, median (IQR), non-parametric test. Significant values are indicated in bold.

Biomarker	Unit	Stable median (IQR)	Progressive median (IQR)	p-value
<i>PROFILE Cohort</i>				
OPN	ng/ml	110 (63.5 – 150.0)	120 (79.0 – 190.0)	0.1204
MMP7	ng/ml	0.91 (0.70 – 1.40)	1.1 (0.85 – 1.50)	0.0331
ICAM1	ng/ml	208 (159.0 – 276.5)	241 (195.0 – 314.0)	0.0352
POSTN	ng/ml	NO OBSERVATIONS		

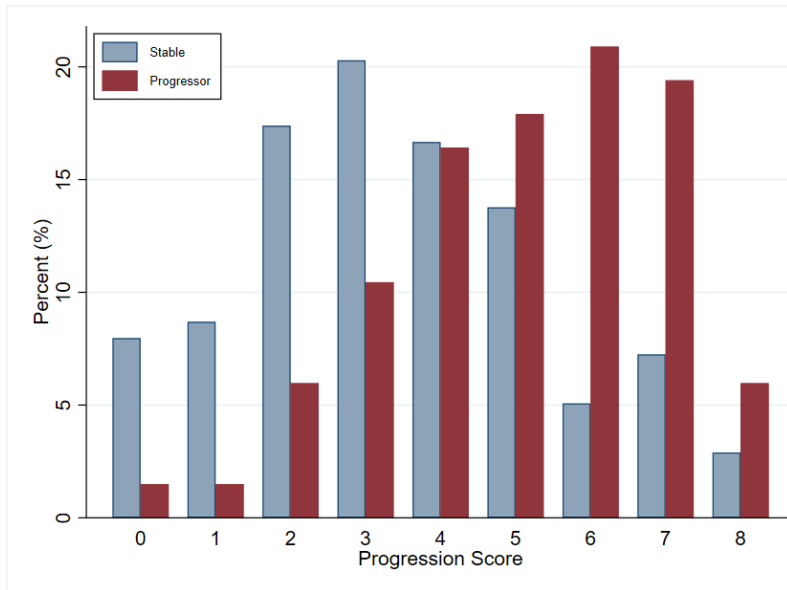
Note: proteomic unit is ratio of corrected unlabelled peak area/180 peak area.

Abbreviations: IQR, interquartile range.

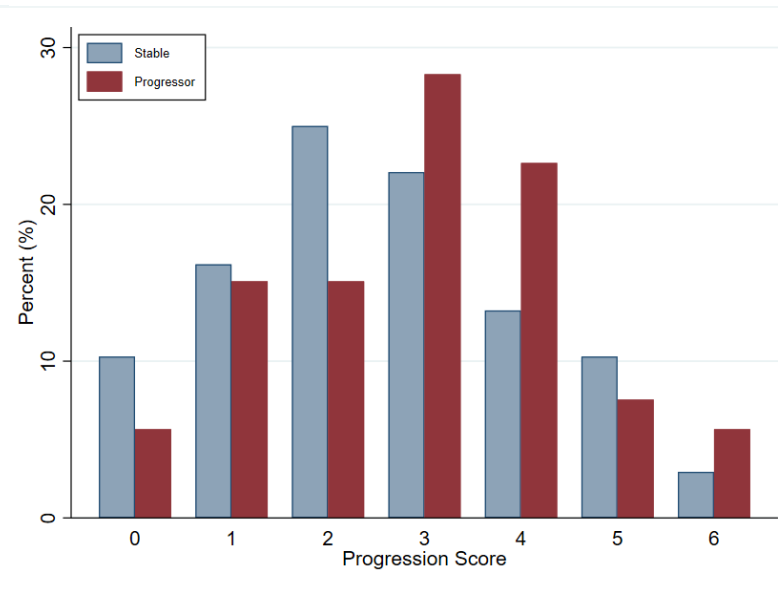
Table S7 – Progression Index values percentage distribution across all cohorts. Index created with four biomarkers based on tertiles: score 0,1,2 depending on T1, T2, T3 for each of four biomarkers (min 0, max 8). Number of people with positive biomarker per index value of 0-8.

Index	TLF			AIPFR			PROFILE		
	All n=205 (%)	Stable n=138 (%)	Progressor n=67 (%)	All n=189 (%)	Stable n=136 (%)	Progressor n=53 (%)	All n=205 (%)	Stable n=138 (%)	Progressor n=67 (%)
0	12 (5·9)	11 (8·0)	1 (1·5)	17 (9)	14 (10·3)	3 (5·7)	4 (3·3)	3 (4·4)	1 (1·9)
1	13 (6·3)	12 (8·7)	1 (1·5)	30 (15·9)	22 (16·2)	8 (15·1)	0	0	0
2	28 (13·7)	24 (17·4)	4 (6·0)	42 (22·2)	34 (25)	8 (15·1)	85 (69·7)	53 (77·9)	32 (59·3)
3	35 (17·1)	28 (20·3)	7 (10·5)	45 (23·8)	30 (22·1)	15 (28·3)	25 (20·5)	10 (14·7)	15 (27·8)
4	34 (16·6)	23 (16·7)	11 (16·4)	30 (15·9)	18 (13·2)	12 (22·6)	7 (5·7)	1 (1·5)	6 (11·1)
5	31 (15·1)	19 (13·8)	12 (17·9)	18 (9·5)	14 (10·3)	4 (7·5)	1 (0·8)	1 (1·5)	0
6	21 (10·2)	7 (5·1)	14 (20·9)	7 (3·7)	4 (2·9)	3 (5·7)	0	0	0
7	23 (11·2)	10 (7·3)	13 (19·4)	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	8 (3·9)	4 (2·9)	4 (6·0)	0	0	0	0	0	0

TLF Cohort



AIPFR Cohort



PROFILE Cohort

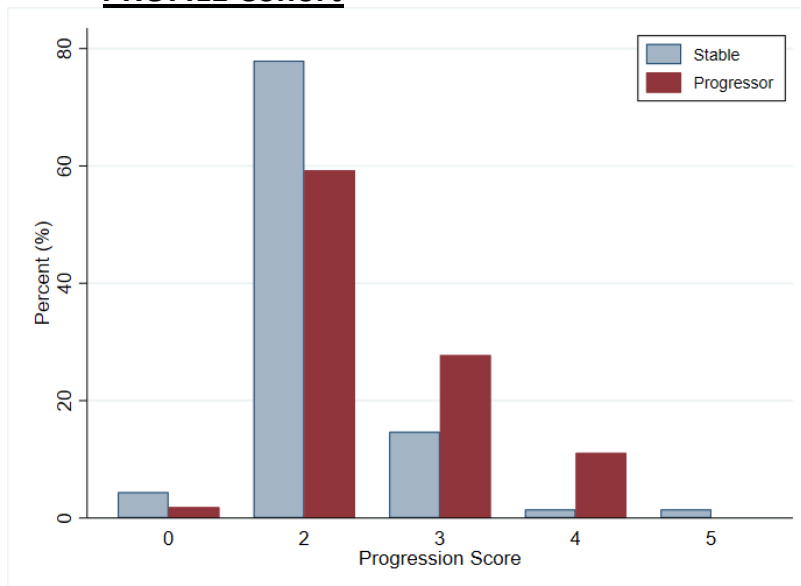


Figure S3 – Progression Score value percentage distribution across all 3 cohorts. Score created with four biomarkers (MMP7, ICAM1, OPN and POSTN) based on tertiles: score 0,1,2 depending on T1, T2, T3 for each of four biomarkers (min 0, max 8). Percentage of participants with progression scores between 0-8 have been totalled across all cohorts.

Table S8 – Adjusted associations with outcome in PROFILE. Prediction of progression at 12-months and mortality. Significant p-values are indicated in bold. Note: participants missing biomarker value for POSTN and no observations for PS 6-8.

Score	n	OR*	95%CI	p-value	HR mort*	95%CI	p-value
PROFILE							
0-2	89	1			1		
3-5	33	2·06	(0·59; 7·24)	0·258	2·23	(1·02; 4·85)	0·043
6-8	-	No observations			No observations		

*Adjusted for Age, gender, baseline ppFVC, BMI. Modelled with robust standard errors.

Abbreviations: OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; mort, mortality; PFS, progression-free survival.