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Title: Possible mechanisms of worsening bronchial asthma coexisting with thyroid gland pathology

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Body: We tested serum IgE levels, IL4/IL1 and IL4/INF γ ratio in 17 patients with BA, 14 with hypothyroidism (hypoT), 15 with hyperthyroidism (hyperT), 14 with BA+hypoT and 14 with BA+hyperT. Spirometry was performed. BA remission duration and BA attack frequency per year were assessed. Data are shown as mean \pm SEM, difference assayed as t-test $p < 0.05$. Results: Thyropathology increases BA attack's frequency (4.5 ± 0.5 in BA vs 6.25 ± 0.65 in BA+hypoT group, $p = 0.04$; and 5.08 ± 0.4 in BA+hyperT, $p = 0.06$) and decreases the remission duration (12.08 ± 0.88 weeks/year in BA group vs 8.63 ± 0.88 in BA+hypoT, $p = 0.02$, and 9.33 ± 0.76 in BA+hyperT, $p = 0.03$). Patients with BA+hyperT had serum IgE levels greater than patients with BA and with BA+hypoT (266.7 ± 17.3 IU/L vs 159.4 ± 3.8 IU/L, $p = 0.01$, and 122.5 ± 9.8 IU/L, $p = 0.001$, respectively). Serum IL4/IL1 ratio in BA+hyperT group was increased (36.16 ± 1.21 BA+hyperT vs 27.02 ± 0.79 BA, $p = 0.001$), while in BA+hypoT lessened (12.76 ± 0.93 BA+hypoT, $p < 0.0001$ vs BA). Ratio IL4/INF γ was decreased in BA+hypoT group (1.1 ± 0.1 BA+hypoT vs 2.21 ± 0.37 BA, $p = 0.01$); between BA+hyperT and BA groups there was no difference. FEV1 showed no difference between groups. Patients with BA+hypoT had FEF50 and FEF75 reduction versus BA ($48.91 \pm 3.02\%$ vs $58.45 \pm 2.53\%$, $p = 0.04$, and $35.24 \pm 1.78\%$ vs $47.23 \pm 1.78\%$ $p = 0.03$, respectively). Conclusions: Hypothyroidism increases BA attacks, reduces BA remission, FEF50 and FEF75 values and Th2-activity. The possible pathway of BA worsening may concerns not with immunology but myxedema due to lack of thyroid hormones. Hyperthyroidism reduces BA remission, increases serum IgE and IL4/IL1 ratio. The possible BA worsening mechanism may be Th2-response excessive stimulation.