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Title: Within-breath specific gas volume variations (Δ SVg) assessed by four-dimensional computed tomography (4D-CT) in lung tumor patients

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Body: Δ SVg between different lung volumes reliably estimate regional lung function (Salito et al, Radiology 2009). Here we assessed with voxel-resolution within-breath Δ SVg from 4D-CT images in 5 tumor patients. Each breathing phase (1 to 9) of the 4D-CT dataset was registered onto the reference (phase 0, i.e. end inspiration) using the Demons algorithm and subtracted from it in terms of SVg. Mean value of Δ SVg in lower (LL) and upper (UL) lobes were computed in both healthy (H) and tumor (T) lung. In H mean Δ SVg was significantly different between UL and LL ($p < 0.001$) with higher values in UL. Mean Δ SVg increased by 0.8 ± 0.3 ml/g in UL and 0.4 ± 0.2 ml/g in LL. No significant inter-lobes differences were found in T ($p = 0.8$): mean Δ SVg increased by 0.8 ± 0.4 ml/g in UL and 0.6 ± 0.3 ml/g in LL. Fig.1 shows within-breath Δ SVg maps of an exemplificative tumor lung and the mean Δ SVg is reported for each breathing phase separately for UL and LL.

In conclusion: 1) Δ SVg maps applied to 4D-CT provide information about within-breath gas distribution in the lung; 2) in H there is higher Δ SVg in UL; 3) the presence of the tumor modifies Δ SVg distribution; 4) heterogeneous Δ SVg distribution suggests that areas with normal function could be identified as organs at risk during radiotherapy treatment planning. Acknowledgments: Cancer Center Leon Berard, France Funded by Fondazione U. Veronesi, Italy.