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**Title:** A newly developed sling incorporating a shock absorber to minimize the motion effect on SpO<sub>2</sub> during the 6-minutes-walk test

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**Body:** Recently, the degree of desaturation during 6-minute-walk test (6MWT) is considered to have prognostic value in patients with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis. In this study, we demonstrate a negative effect of motion on SpO<sub>2</sub> during the walking, and present a newly developed device that minimizes the negative effect during the test. Subjects and Methods: Ten healthy volunteers (26±11yrs) performed 6MWT in 4 different manners: 1) usual walking, 2) usual walking while trying to minimize the effect of motion on the finger on which the oximeter-probe was placed, 3) usual walking using a newly developed sling with a shock absorber (75g) wrapped around the finger and the probe, and 4) walking on a treadmill at the same speed as the usual 6MWT while the finger and the probe were in a resting position without movement. SpO<sub>2</sub> was measured continuously using a Pulsox 300i (Konica-Minolta). Results: During the usual walking with/without the finger moving, there was severe desaturation of more than 4% from the baseline. However, when walking with the new device or on the treadmill there was only a small change in the SpO<sub>2</sub>, which was within the accuracy of the oximeter.

## Motion effects on SpO2

Degree of	Usual	Walking while trying not to move	Walking using the	Walking on the
desaturation	walking	the finger and the probe	new device	treadmill
2%>dSpO2>4%	32.9±51.3	67.2±78.9	39.6±73.2	16.5±33.2
4%>dSpO2>6%	13.2±39.6	14.5±38.0	0	0
6%>dSpO2	3.5±10.5	9.0±27.0	0	0

dSpO2= BaselineSpO2-desaturated SpO2, seconds.

Conclusions:  $SpO_2$  monitoring during 6MWT does not provide reliable data on desaturation. However, using the new device, more reliable data on desaturation are available.