European Respiratory Society Annual Congress 2012

Abstract Number: 43

Publication Number: P2181

Abstract Group: 5.1. Airway Pharmacology and Treatment

Keyword 1: Asthma - management Keyword 2: COPD - management Keyword 3: Cystic fibrosis

Title: Comparative in vitro performance of a new re-usable breath-actuated nebulizer (BAN) with other high performance systems intended for domiciliary use – 1: Table-top compressors

Mr. Jamie 732 Malpass jmalpass@trudellmed.com ¹, Mr. Mark 733 Nagel mnagel@trudellmed.com ¹, Ms. Valentina 734 Avvakoumova vavvakoumova@trudellmed.com ¹, Ms. Rubina 735 Ali rali@trudellmed.com ¹, Ms. Heather 736 Schneider hschneider@trudellmed.com ¹ and Dr. Jolyon 737 Mitchell jmitchell@trudellmed.com ¹. ¹ Medical Aerosol Laboratory, Trudell Medical International, London, ON, Canada, N5V 5G4 .

Body: RATIONALE: Treatments by portable compressor/nebulizer systems can offer very different delivery characteristics. We evaluated a new, reusable BAN (AeroEclipse-XL®, Trudell Medical International) optimized with its table-top (Ombra®) compressor. METHODS: Each nebulizer (n=5/group) was filled with 2.5-mL, 1.0-mg/mL albuterol (Ventolin®, GSK Canada Inc.), and connected to a breathing simulator (ASL5000, IngMar Medical, Pittsburgh, PA) mimicking adult tidal breathing (V_t = 600-mL; duty cycle = 33%; rate = 10 cycles/min). Emitted aerosol was captured on a filter at the mouthpiece, replaced every minute until onset of sputtering, defining run time. Recovery/assay of salbutamol was undertaken by HPLC-UV spectrophotometry. Fine droplet fraction (FDF_{<4.7µm}) and mass median droplet diameter (MMD) were determined by laser diffractometry. Total fine droplet mass (FDM_{<4.7µm}) was the product of total mass and FDF_{<4.7µm}. Comparative measurements were made with the Sprint® (PARI, Germany) and reusable Sidestream® (Philips-Respironics, Germany) air entrainment nebulizers using PARI BOY®SX® and Inspiration Elite® table-top compressors respectively. RESULTS: See Table.

Nebulizer/Table-top Compressor Performance Data

MEAN ± SD	BAN	Sprint	Sidestream
FDF<4.7µm (%)	70.8 ± 1.0	57.9 ± 3.1	68.6 ± 1.5
MMD (μm)	3.39 ± 0.05	4.13 ± 0.21	3.43 ± 0.11
FDM<4.7μm (μg)	530 ± 22	408 ± 22	233 ± 6
Run Time (min)	11	8	10

CONCLUSIONS: The BAN/Ombra system provided highly respirable aerosol with $FDM_{<4.7\mu m}$ greater than the benchmark systems. Its run time reflects the fact that aerosol is only delivered during inhalation and not

